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Usage: ./x86PROM.sh [-verbose] [-verbose] [-verbose]
-nuc Processor name (example: CPU8, 1000)
-nuc Processor name (example: CPU8, 1000)
-clock Frequency (base clock frequency)
-board-id (example: Nuc-P800001P801P8)
-pmc Number of physical processors [1-4]
-debug output [0-1]
  0 = no debug injection/debug output
  1 = inject debug statements into ACPI table
  2 = show debug output
  3 = both
-developer mode [0-1]
  0 = disabled - Use files from /Users/username/Library/Developer
  1 = enabled - Use files from /Users/username/Projects/x86PROM.sh
-extract ACPI tables to target path
-frequency (clock frequency)
-help info (this)
-include kernel file frequency
-logical processors [0-100]
-mode boot mode (normal|custom)
  normal - Use ACPI/DSDT data from the host computer
  custom - Use ACPI data from /Users/username/Desktop
           /Users/username/Desktop
-model (example: NucProk,1)
-nuc The previously generated BIOS
-processor model (example: 'E3-1225 v3')
-show supported board-id and model combinations:
  Sandy Bridge
  Ivy Bridge
  Haswell
  Broadwell
  Skylake
-RubyLake
-target CPU type:
  0 = Sandy Bridge
  1 = Ivy Bridge
  2 = Haswell
  3 = Broadwell
  4 = Skylake
  5 = RubyLake
-turbo max (turbo) frequency:
  6000 for Sandy Bridge and Ivy Bridge
  6000 for Haswell, Broadwell and greater
-tbu (11.5 - 100)
-unsupported workarounds:
  0 = no workarounds
  1 = inject extra P-states at the top with maximum (turbo) frequency + 1 MHz
  2 = inject extra P-states at the bottom
  3 = both
-x86 mode:
  0 = ACPI mode disabled
  1 = ACPI mode enabled

```